

Safety Data Sheet

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LOCTITE SI 5999 GY known as 5999 Grey 300ML EN/CH/JP

SDS No. : 152853 V001.10 Revision: 03.01.2019 printing date: 01.10.2019

Section 1. Identification of the substance/preparation and of the company/undertaking

Product name:

LOCTITE SI 5999 GY known as 5999 Grey 300ML EN/CH/JP

Other means of identification:

LOCTITE SI 5999 300MLEN/CH/JP Product code: IDH649254 Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Intended use: Silicone sealant

Identification of manufacturer, importer or distributor

Manufacturer: Henkel Loctite (China) Co. Ltd, No. 90 Zhu Jiang Road, Yantai Economic, Technological Development Zone, 264006 Shangdong Province, China Tel: +86-535-6399803 Fax: +86-535-6371999

Importer: Henkel Thailand Ltd The Offices at Centralworld, 35th Floor, 999/9 Rama 1 Rd, Kwang Patumwan, Khet Patumwan, Bangkok 10330, Thailand. Phone : + 6622098000 Fax : +6622098008

E-mail address of person responsible for Safety Data Sheet:

ap-ua-psra.sea@henkel.com

Emergency information:

FOR EMERGENCIES ONLY (Spill, major leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident). Call CHEMTREC: +1 703-741-5970

Section 2. Hazards identification

GHS Classification:

Hazard Class Serious eye damage/eye irritation Skin sensitizer Carcinogenicity Hazard Category Category 1 Category 1 Category 2

GHS label elements:

Hazard pictogram:



Hazard statement:

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

Precaution:

Prevention:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response:

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P208+P212 IF owned on concerned: Cet modical eduica (ettention)

P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/container to an appropriate treatment and disposal facility in accordance with applicable laws and regulations, and product characteristics at time of disposal.

Section 3. Composition / information on ingredients

Substance or Mixture:

Mixture

Declaration of hazardous chemical:

| Hazard component CAS-No. | Content | GHS Classification |
|--|----------|--|
| Calcium carbonate | 10- 30 % | |
| 471-34-1 | | |
| Butan-2-one O,O',O"-(vinylsilylidyne)trioxime | 1- 10 % | Serious eye damage/eye irritation 1 |
| 2224-33-1 | | H318 |
| | | Skin sensitizer 1; Dermal |
| | | H317 |
| | | Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure 2 |
| | | H373 |
| | | Acute hazards to the aquatic environment 3 |
| | | H402 |
| Silicon dioxide | 1- 10 % | |
| 7631-86-9 | | |
| Butanone oxime | 1- 10 % | Flammable liquids 4 |
| 96-29-7 | | H227 |
| | | Acute toxicity 5; Oral |
| | | H303 |
| | | Acute toxicity 4; Dermal H312 |
| | | Serious eye damage/eye irritation 1 |
| | | H318 |
| | | Skin sensitizer 1 |
| | | H317 |
| | | Carcinogenicity 2 |
| | | H351 |
| | | Acute hazards to the aquatic environment 3 |
| | | H402 |
| Butan-2-one O,O',O",O"-silanetetrayltetraoxime | 0.1- 1% | Flammable solids 1 |
| 34206-40-1 | | H228 |
| | | Acute toxicity 5; Oral |
| | | H303 |
| | | Serious eye damage/eye irritation 2A |
| | | H319 |
| | | Skin sensitizer 1 |
| | | H317 |
| | | Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure 2 |
| | | H373 |
| | | Acute hazards to the aquatic environment 3 |
| | | H402 |

Section 4. First aid measures

Inhalation:

Move to fresh air. If symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

Skin contact:

Rinse with running water and soap. Obtain medical attention if irritation persists.

Eye contact:

Rinse immediately with plenty of running water (for 10 minutes). Seek medical attention if necessary.

Ingestion:

Rinse mouth, drink 1-2 glasses of water, do not induce vomiting, consult a doctor.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed: See section: Description of first aid measures

Section 5. Fire fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media: Carbon dioxide, foam, powder

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Improper extinguishing media: High pressure waterjet

ingh pressure waterjet

Specific hazards arising from the chemical:

In the event of a fire, carbon monoxide (CO), carbon dioxide (CO2) and nitrogen oxides (NOx) can be released. Silicon dioxide

Special protection equipment and precautions for firefighters: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Hazardous combustion products:

Formaldehyde Silica fume

Additional fire fighting advice:

In case of fire, keep containers cool with water spray.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions:

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Wear protective equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation.

Environmental precautions:

Do not empty into drains / surface water / ground water.

Clean-up methods:

Scrape up as much material as possible. Sweep up spilled material. Avoid creating dust. Store in a partly filled, closed container until disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Handling:

Avoid skin and eye contact. See advice in section 8

Storage:

Store in a cool, well-ventilated place. Refer to Technical Data Sheet Never allow product to get in contact with water during storage

Section 8. Exposure controls / personal protection

Components with specific control parameters for workplace:

| CALCIUM CARBONATE, INHALABLE DUST 471-34-1 | Value type | Time Weighted Average (TWA): |
|---|-------------------|------------------------------|
| | mg/m ³ | 15 |
| | Remarks | TH OEL |
| Calcium carbonate 471-34-1 | Value type | Time Weighted Average (TWA): |
| | mg/m ³ | 10 |
| CALCIUM CARBONATE, RESPIRABLE DUST 471-34-1 | Value type | Time Weighted Average (TWA): |
| | mg/m ³ | 5 |
| | Remarks | TH OEL |
| Silicon dioxide 7631-86-9 | Value type | Time Weighted Average (TWA): |
| | mg/m ³ | 6 |

Respiratory protection:

Ensure adequate ventilation.

An approved mask or respirator fitted with an organic vapour cartridge should be worn if the product is used in a poorly ventilated area

Filter type: A (EN 14387)

Hand protection:

Chemical-resistant protective gloves (EN 374).

Suitable materials for short-term contact or splashes (recommended: at least protection index 2, corresponding to > 30 minutes permeation time as per EN 374):

nitrile rubber (NBR; >= 0.4 mm thickness)

Suitable materials for longer, direct contact (recommended: protection index 6, corresponding to > 480 minutes permeation time as per EN 374):

nitrile rubber (NBR; >= 0.4 mm thickness)

This information is based on literature references and on information provided by glove manufacturers, or is derived by analogy with similar substances. Please note that in practice the working life of chemical-resistant protective gloves may be considerably shorter than the permeation time determined in accordance with EN 374 as a result of the many influencing factors (e.g. temperature). If signs of wear and tear are noticed then the gloves should be replaced.

Eye protection:

Safety glasses with sideshields or chemical safety goggles should be worn if there is a risk of splashing. Protective eye equipment should conform to EN166.

Body protection:

Wear suitable protective clothing.

Protective clothing should conform to EN 14605 for liquid splashes or to EN 13982 for dusts.

Engineering controls:

Ensure good ventilation/extraction.

Hygienic measures:

Good industrial hygiene practices should be observed. Wash hands before work breaks and after finishing work. Do not eat, drink or smoke while working.

| Section 9. Physical and chemical properties | | |
|---|-----------------------------------|--|
| | | |
| Appearance: | grey | |
| | paste | |
| Odor: | mild | |
| Odor threshold (CA): | No data available. | |
| pH: | Not applicable | |
| Melting point / freezing point: | No data available. | |
| Specific gravity: | 1.5 | |
| Boiling point: | > 200 °C (> 392 °F) | |
| Flash point: | > 93 °C (> 199.4 °F) | |
| Evaporation rate: | No data available. | |
| Flammability (solid, gas): | No data available. | |
| Lower explosive limit: | No data available. | |
| Upper explosive limit: | No data available. | |
| Vapor pressure: | < 5 mm hg | |
| Vapor density: | No data available. | |
| Density: | 1.44 - 1.49 g/cm3 | |
| Solubility: | Polymerises in presence of water. | |
| Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water: | No data available. | |
| Auto ignition: | No data available. | |
| Decomposition temperature: | No data available. | |
| Viscosity: | No data available. | |
| VOC content: (2010/75/EC) | < 3 % | |

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity/Incompatible materials: Polymerises in presence of water. Chemical stability: Stable under recommended storage conditions. Conditions to avoid: Exposure to air or moisture over prolonged periods. Hazardous decomposition products: Methyl ethyl ketoxime formed during cure. Methanol is liberated slowly upon exposure to moisture.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Dermal toxicity:

Acute toxicity estimate (ATE) : > 2,000 mg/kg Method: Calculation method

Health Effects:

Skin:May cause allergic skin reaction.Eyes:Causes serious eye damage.Symptoms of Overexposure:After eye contact: Corrosive, may cause permanent damage to eyes (impairment of vision).

Acute oral toxicity:

| Calcium carbonate | Value type | LD50 | |
|---------------------------|------------|--|--|
| 471-34-1 | Value | > 2,000 mg/kg | |
| | Species | rat | |
| | Method | OECD Guideline 420 (Acute Oral Toxicity) | |
| Butan-2-one O,O',O"- | Value type | LD50 | |
| (vinylsilylidyne)trioxime | Value | > 2,000 mg/kg | |
| 2224-33-1 | Species | rat | |
| | Method | OECD Guideline 425 (Acute Oral Toxicity: Up-and-Down | |
| | | Procedure) | |
| Silicon dioxide | Value type | LD50 | |
| 7631-86-9 | Value | > 5,000 mg/kg | |
| | Species | rat | |
| | Method | OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity) | |
| Butanone oxime | Value type | LD50 | |
| 96-29-7 | Value | 2,326 mg/kg | |
| | Species | rat | |
| | Method | OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity) | |
| Butan-2-one O,O',O",O"'- | Value type | LD50 | |
| silanetetrayltetraoxime | Value | 2,463 mg/kg | |
| 34206-40-1 | Species | rat | |
| | Method | OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity) | |

Acute inhalative toxicity:

| Calcium carbonate | Value type | LC50 |
|------------------------------|---------------------|--|
| 471-34-1 | Value | > 3 mg/l |
| | Exposure time | 4 h |
| | Species | rat |
| | Method | OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity) |
| | | |
| Silicon dioxide | Value type | LC50 |
| Silicon dioxide 7631-86-9 | Value type Value | LC50 > 2.08 mg/l |
| | | |
| | Value | > 2.08 mg/l |

Acute dermal toxicity:

| Calcium carbonate | Value type | LD50 |
|---------------------------|------------|--|
| 471-34-1 | Value | > 2,000 mg/kg |
| | Species | rat |
| | Method | OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity) |
| Butan-2-one O,O',O"- | Value type | LD50 |
| (vinylsilylidyne)trioxime | Value | > 2,009 mg/kg |
| 2224-33-1 | Species | rat |
| | Method | OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity) |
| Silicon dioxide | Value type | LD50 |
| 7631-86-9 | Value | > 5,000 mg/kg |
| | Species | rabbit |
| | Method | not specified |
| Butanone oxime | Value type | Acute toxicity estimate (ATE) |
| 96-29-7 | Value | 1,100 mg/kg |
| | Species | |
| | Method | Expert judgement |
| Butanone oxime | Value type | LD50 |
| 96-29-7 | Value | > 1,000 mg/kg |
| | Species | rabbit |
| | Method | OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity) |
| Butan-2-one O,O',O",O"'- | Value type | LD50 |
| silanetetrayltetraoxime | Value | > 2,000 mg/kg |
| 34206-40-1 | Species | rat |
| | Method | OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity) |

Skin corrosion/irritation:

| Calcium carbonate | Result | not irritating |
|-------------------|---------------|--|
| 471-34-1 | Exposure time | 4 h |
| | Species | rabbit |
| | Method | OECD Guideline 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation / Corrosion) |
| Silicon dioxide | Result | not irritating |
| 7631-86-9 | Exposure time | 4 h |
| | Species | rabbit |
| | Method | OECD Guideline 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation / Corrosion) |
| Butanone oxime | Result | slightly irritating |
| 96-29-7 | Exposure time | 24 h |
| | Species | rabbit |
| | Method | not specified |

Serious eye damage/irritation:

| Calcium carbonate | Result | not irritating |
|---------------------------------------|---------------|---|
| 471-34-1 | Exposure time | |
| | Species | rabbit |
| | Method | OECD Guideline 405 (Acute Eye Irritation / Corrosion) |
| Silicon dioxide | Result | not irritating |
| 7631-86-9 | Exposure time | |
| | Species | rabbit |
| | Method | OECD Guideline 405 (Acute Eye Irritation / Corrosion) |
| Butanone oxime | Result | Category 1 (irreversible effects on the eye) |
| 96-29-7 | Exposure time | |
| | Species | rabbit |
| | Method | OECD Guideline 405 (Acute Eye Irritation / Corrosion) |
| Butan-2-one O,O',O",O"'- | Result | irritating |
| ·· · · · · · | E | 1 հ |
| silanetetrayltetraoxime | Exposure time | 1 h |
| silanetetrayltetraoxime 34206-40-1 | Species | rabbit |

Respiratory or skin sensitization:

| Calcium carbonate | Result | not sensitising | |
|---------------------------|-----------|---|--|
| 471-34-1 | Test type | Mouse local lymphnode assay (LLNA) | |
| | Species | mouse | |
| | Method | OECD Guideline 429 (Skin Sensitisation: Local Lymph Node Assay) | |
| Butan-2-one O,O',O"- | Result | Sensitizing | |
| (vinylsilylidyne)trioxime | Test type | Guinea pig maximisation test | |
| 2224-33-1 | Species | guinea pig | |
| | Method | OECD Guideline 406 (Skin Sensitisation) | |
| Butanone oxime | Result | sensitising | |
| 96-29-7 | Test type | Guinea pig maximisation test | |
| | Species | guinea pig | |
| | Method | OECD Guideline 406 (Skin Sensitisation) | |
| Butan-2-one O,O',O",O"'- | Result | sensitising | |
| silanetetrayltetraoxime | Test type | Guinea pig maximisation test | |
| 34206-40-1 | Species | guinea pig | |
| | Method | OECD Guideline 406 (Skin Sensitisation) | |

Germ cell mutagenicity:

| Calcium carbonate | Result | negative |
|------------------------------|---|---|
| 471-34-1 | Type of study / Route of administration | bacterial reverse mutation assay (e.g Ames test) |
| -71 5-1 | Metabolic activation / Exposure time | with and without |
| | Method | OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay) |
| Calcium carbonate | Result | negative |
| 471-34-1 | Type of study / Route of administration | in vitro mammalian chromosome aberration test |
| -/1 5-1 | Metabolic activation / Exposure time | with and without |
| | Method | OECD Guideline 473 (In vitro Mammalian Chromosome |
| | Wethod | Aberration Test) |
| Calcium carbonate | Result | negative |
| 471-34-1 | Type of study / Route of administration | mammalian cell gene mutation assay |
| -/1 5-1 | Metabolic activation / Exposure time | with and without |
| | Method | OECD Guideline 476 (In vitro Mammalian Cell Gene |
| | Wiethod | Mutation Test) |
| Butan-2-one O,O',O"- | Result | negative |
| (vinylsilylidyne)trioxime | Type of study / Route of administration | bacterial reverse mutation assay (e.g Ames test) |
| 2224-33-1 | Metabolic activation / Exposure time | with and without |
| | Method | OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay) |
| Butan-2-one O,O',O"- | Result | negative |
| (vinylsilylidyne)trioxime | Type of study / Route of administration | intraperitoneal |
| 2224-33-1 | Metabolic activation / Exposure time | Intraperionear |
| 2224-33-1 | * | |
| | Species Method | mouse |
| | Method | OECD Guideline 474 (Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test) |
| Ciliare diamida | D1t | , |
| Silicon dioxide 7631-86-9 | Result | negative |
| /031-80-9 | Type of study / Route of administration | bacterial reverse mutation assay (e.g Ames test) with and without |
| | Metabolic activation / Exposure time | |
| | Method | OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay) |
| Silicon dioxide | Result | negative |
| 7631-86-9 | Type of study / Route of administration | mammalian cell gene mutation assay |
| | Metabolic activation / Exposure time | with and without |
| | Method | OECD Guideline 476 (In vitro Mammalian Cell Gene |
| ~~~ | | Mutation Test) |
| Silicon dioxide | Result | negative |
| 7631-86-9 | Type of study / Route of administration | in vitro mammalian chromosome aberration test |
| | Metabolic activation / Exposure time | with and without |
| | Method | OECD Guideline 473 (In vitro Mammalian Chromosome |
| ~~~ | | Aberration Test) |
| Silicon dioxide | Result | negative |
| 7631-86-9 | Type of study / Route of administration | inhalation |
| | Metabolic activation / Exposure time | |
| | Species | rat |
| | Method | not specified |
| Butanone oxime | Result | negative |
| 96-29-7 | Type of study / Route of administration | bacterial reverse mutation assay (e.g Ames test) |
| | Metabolic activation / Exposure time | with and without |
| | Method | EPA OPPTS 870.5265 (The Salmonella typhimurium |
| | | Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test) |
| Butanone oxime | Result | negative |
| 96-29-7 | Type of study / Route of administration | mammalian cell gene mutation assay |
| | Metabolic activation / Exposure time | with |
| | Method | OECD Guideline 476 (In vitro Mammalian Cell Gene |
| | | Mutation Test) |
| Butanone oxime | Result | negative |
| 96-29-7 | Type of study / Route of administration | DNA damage and repair assay, unscheduled DNA |
| | | synthesis in mammalian cells in vitro |
| | Metabolic activation / Exposure time | |
| | | OECD Guideline 482 (Genetic Toxicology: DNA Damage |
| | Method | |
| | Method | and Repair, Unscheduled DNA Synthesis in Mammalian |
| | Method | and Repair, Unscheduled DNA Synthesis in Mammalian Cells In Vitro) |
| Butanone oxime | Result | and Repair, Unscheduled DNA Synthesis in Mammalian |
| Butanone oxime 96-29-7 | Result Type of study / Route of administration | and Repair, Unscheduled DNA Synthesis in Mammalian Cells In Vitro) |
| | Result | and Repair, Unscheduled DNA Synthesis in Mammalian Cells In Vitro) negative |
| | Result Type of study / Route of administration | and Repair, Unscheduled DNA Synthesis in Mammalian Cells In Vitro) negative |
| | Result Type of study / Route of administration Metabolic activation / Exposure time | and Repair, Unscheduled DNA Synthesis in Mammalian Cells In Vitro) negative oral: gavage |

| Butanone oxime | Result | negative |
|----------------|---|---|
| 96-29-7 | Type of study / Route of administration | oral: feed |
| | Metabolic activation / Exposure time | |
| | Species | Drosophila melanogaster |
| | Method | EPA OPPTS 870.5385 (In Vivo Mammalian Cytogenetic |
| | | Tests: Bone Marrow Chromosomal Analysis) |

Repeated dose toxicity:

| Calcium carbonate | Result | NOAEL=1,000 mg/kg |
|---------------------------|--|--|
| 471-34-1 | Route of application | oral: gavage |
| | Exposure time / Frequency of treatment | 48 ddaily |
| | Species | rat |
| | Method | OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test) |
| Butan-2-one O,O',O"- | Result | NOAEL=10 mg/kg |
| (vinylsilylidyne)trioxime | Route of application | oral: gavage |
| 2224-33-1 | Exposure time / Frequency of treatment | |
| | Species | rat |
| | Method | OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test) |
| Silicon dioxide | Result | NOAEL=> 4,000 - 4,500 mg/kg |
| 7631-86-9 | Route of application | oral: feed |
| | Exposure time / Frequency of treatment | 13 weeksdaily |
| | Species | rat |
| | Method | equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents) |
| Silicon dioxide | Result | NOAEL=1.3 mg/m3 |
| 7631-86-9 | Route of application | inhalation |
| | Exposure time / Frequency of treatment | 13 w6 h/d, 5 d/w |
| | Species | rat |
| | Method | equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 413 (Subchronic Inhalation Toxicity: 90-Day) |
| Butanone oxime | Result | LOAEL=40 mg/kg |
| 96-29-7 | Route of application | oral: gavage |
| | Exposure time / Frequency of treatment | 13 wdaily |
| | Species | rat |
| | Method | not specified |
| Butan-2-one O,O',O",O"'- | Result | NOAEL=25 mg/kg |
| silanetetrayltetraoxime | Route of application | oral: drinking water |
| 34206-40-1 | Exposure time / Frequency of treatment | 90 ddaily: ad libitum |
| | Species | rat |
| | Method | OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents) |

Section 12. Ecological information

General ecological information:

Cured Loctite products are typical polymers and do not pose any immediate environmental hazards., Precautions required with respect to Environmental Hazards of articles in which this product is used should be considered., Do not empty into drains / surface water / ground water.

Toxicity:

| Calcium carbonate | Value type | NOEC |
|---------------------------|----------------------|---|
| 471-34-1 | Value | 14 mg/l |
| | Acute Toxicity Study | Algae |
| | Exposure time | 72 h |
| | Species | Desmodesmus subspicatus |
| | Method | OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test) |
| Butan-2-one O,O',O"- | Value type | LC50 |
| (vinylsilylidyne)trioxime | Value | > 560 mg/l |
| 2224-33-1 | Acute Toxicity Study | Fish |
| | Exposure time | 96 h |

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LOCTITE SI 5999 GY known as 5999 Grey 300ML EN/CH/JP

| | Species | Brachydanio rerio (new name: Danio rerio) |
|--|--------------------------|---|
| | Method | OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test) |
| | Value type | NOEC |
| | Value | 50 mg/l |
| | Acute Toxicity Study | Fish |
| | Exposure time | 14 d |
| | Species | Oryzias latipes |
| | Method | OECD Guideline 204 (Fish, Prolonged Toxicity Test: 14-day Study) |
| Butan-2-one O,O',O"- | Value type | EC50 |
| | | 201 mg/l |
| (vinylsilylidyne)trioxime 2224-33-1 | Value | |
| 2224-33-1 | Acute Toxicity Study | Daphnia 48 h |
| | Exposure time | |
| | Species Method | Daphnia magna OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test) |
| | | |
| Butan-2-one O,O',O"- | Value type | EC50 |
| (vinylsilylidyne)trioxime 2224-33-1 | Value | 94 mg/l |
| 2224-55-1 | Acute Toxicity Study | Algae |
| | Exposure time | 72 h |
| | Species | Selenastrum capricornutum (new name: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata |
| | Method | OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test) |
| | Value type | NOEC |
| | Value | 30 mg/l |
| | Acute Toxicity Study | Algae |
| | Exposure time | 72 h |
| | Species | Selenastrum capricornutum (new name: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata |
| ~~~ | Method | OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test) |
| Silicon dioxide | Value type | LC50 |
| 7631-86-9 | Value | > 10,000 mg/l |
| | Acute Toxicity Study | Fish |
| | Exposure time | 96 h |
| | Species | Brachydanio rerio (new name: Danio rerio) |
| | Method | OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test) |
| Silicon dioxide | Value type | EL50 |
| 7631-86-9 | Value | > 1,000 mg/l |
| | Acute Toxicity Study | Daphnia |
| | Exposure time | 24 h |
| | Species | Daphnia magna |
| | Method | OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test) |
| Silicon dioxide | Value type | NOELR |
| 7631-86-9 | Value | 10,000 mg/l |
| | Acute Toxicity Study | Algae |
| | Exposure time | 72 h |
| | Species | Desmodesmus subspicatus |
| | Method | OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test) |
| | Value type | EL50 |
| | Value | > 10,000 mg/l |
| | Acute Toxicity Study | Algae |
| | Exposure time | 72 h |
| | Species | Desmodesmus subspicatus |
| | Method | OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test) |
| Silicon dioxide | Value type | EC0 |
| 7631-86-9 | Value | 10,000 mg/l |
| | Acute Toxicity Study | Bacteria |
| | Exposure time | 30 min |
| | Species | Pseudomonas putida |
| | Method | DIN 38412, part 27 (Bacterial oxygen consumption test) |
| Butanone oxime | Value type | LC50 |
| 96-29-7 | Value | 320 - 1,000 mg/l |
| | Acute Toxicity Study | Fish |
| | Exposure time | 96 h |
| | Species | Leuciscus idus |
| | Method | DIN 38412-15 |
| | Value type | NOEC |
| | Value | 50 mg/l |
| | Acute Toxicity Study | Fish |
| | | |
| | Exposure time | 14 d |
| | Exposure time Species | 14 d Oryzias latipes |

| Butanone oxime | Value type | EC50 |
|---|----------------------|--|
| 96-29-7 | Value | > 500 mg/l |
| <i>y</i> 2 <i>y</i> 1 | Acute Toxicity Study | Daphnia |
| | Exposure time | 48 h |
| | Species | Daphnia magna |
| | Method | EU Method C.2 (Acute Toxicity for Daphnia) |
| Butanone oxime | Value type | EC50 |
| 96-29-7 | Value | 11.8 mg/l |
| 90-29-7 | Acute Toxicity Study | Algae |
| | Exposure time | 72 h |
| | Species | Scenedesmus capricornutum |
| | Method | OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test) |
| | | NOEC |
| | Value type | |
| | Value | 2.56 mg/l |
| | Acute Toxicity Study | Algae |
| | Exposure time | 72 h |
| | Species | Scenedesmus capricornutum |
| | Method | OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test) |
| Butanone oxime | Value type | EC10 |
| 96-29-7 | Value | 177 mg/l |
| | Acute Toxicity Study | Bacteria |
| | Exposure time | 17 h |
| | Species | |
| | Method | DIN 38412, part 8 (Pseudomonas Zellvermehrungshemm-Test) |
| Butan-2-one O,O',O",O"'- | Value type | LC50 |
| silanetetrayltetraoxime | Value | 843 mg/l |
| 34206-40-1 | Acute Toxicity Study | Fish |
| | Exposure time | 96 h |
| | Species | Pimephales promelas |
| | Method | OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test) |
| | Value type | NOEC |
| | Value | 50 mg/l |
| | Acute Toxicity Study | Fish |
| | Exposure time | 14 d |
| | Species | Oryzias latipes |
| | Method | OECD Guideline 204 (Fish, Prolonged Toxicity Test: 14-day Study) |
| Butan-2-one O,O',O",O"- | Value type | EC50 |
| silanetetrayltetraoxime | Value | 201 mg/l |
| 34206-40-1 | Acute Toxicity Study | Daphnia |
| | Exposure time | 48 h |
| | Species | Daphnia magna |
| | Method | OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test) |
| Butan-2-one O,O',O",O"'- | Value type | EC50 |
| silanetetrayltetraoxime | Value | 16 mg/l |
| 34206-40-1 | Acute Toxicity Study | Algae |
| | Exposure time | 72 h |
| | Species | Selenastrum capricornutum (new name: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata |
| | Method | OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test) |
| | Value type | NOEC |
| | Value | 2.6 mg/l |
| | Acute Toxicity Study | |
| | | Algae |
| | Exposure time | 72 h |
| | Species | Selenastrum capricornutum (new name: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata |
| | Method | OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test) |

Persistence and degradability:

| Calcium carbonate | Result | readily biodegradable |
|---------------------------|----------------------|---|
| 471-34-1 | Route of application | aerobic |
| | Degradability | 90 % |
| | Method | OECD Guideline 301 B (Ready Biodegradability: CO2 Evolution Test) |
| Butan-2-one O,O',O"- | Result | not readily biodegradable. |
| (vinylsilylidyne)trioxime | Route of application | aerobic |
| 2224-33-1 | Degradability | 26 % |
| | Method | OECD Guideline 301 C (Ready Biodegradability: Modified MITI Test (I)) |
| Butanone oxime | Result | inherently biodegradable |
| 96-29-7 | Route of application | aerobic |

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| | Degradability | 70 % |
|--------------------------|----------------------|---|
| | Method | OECD Guideline 302 B (Inherent biodegradability: Zahn-Wellens/EMPA |
| | | Test) |
| Butan-2-one O,O',O",O"'- | Result | not readily biodegradable. |
| silanetetrayltetraoxime | Route of application | aerobic |
| 34206-40-1 | Degradability | 28 % |
| | Method | OECD Guideline 301 C (Ready Biodegradability: Modified MITI Test (I)) |

Bioaccumulative potential / Mobility in soil:

| Calcium carbonate | LogPow | -2.12 |
|-------------------|-------------------------------|---|
| 471-34-1 | Temperature | |
| | Method | QSAR (Quantitative Structure Activity Relationship) |
| Silicon dioxide | LogPow | 0.53 |
| 7631-86-9 | Temperature | 25 °C |
| | Method | QSAR (Quantitative Structure Activity Relationship) |
| Butanone oxime | Bioconcentration factor (BCF) | 0.5 - 0.6 |
| 96-29-7 | Exposure time | 42 d |
| | Species | Oryzias latipes |
| | Temperature | 25 °C |
| | Method | OECD Guideline 305 C (Bioaccumulation: Test for the Degree of Bioconcentration in Fish) |
| Butanone oxime | LogPow | 0.65 |
| 96-29-7 | Temperature | 25 °C |
| | Method | OECD Guideline 107 (Partition Coefficient (n-octanol / water), Shake Flask Method) |

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Product

Method of disposal:

Dispose of in accordance with local and national regulations.

Contribution of this product to waste is very insignificant in comparison to article in which it is used

Packaging

Disposal of uncleaned packages:

After use, tubes, cartons and bottles containing residual product should be disposed of as chemically contaminated waste in an authorised legal land fill site or incinerated.

Section 14. Transport information

Road transport ADR: Not dangerous goods

Railroad transport RID:

Not dangerous goods

Inland water transport ADN: Not dangerous goods

Marine transport IMDG: Not dangerous goods

Air transport IATA: Not dangerous goods

Section 15. Regulatory information

Regulatory Information:

Ministry of Industry Notice. The system to classify and communicate the hazard of hazardous material, BE. 2555

Global inventory status:

| Regulatory list | Notification |
|-----------------|--------------|
| TSCA | yes |
| AICS | yes |
| DSL | yes |
| KECI (KR) | yes |
| PICCS (PH) | yes |
| IECSC | yes |
| NZIOC | yes |
| | |

Section 16. Other information

Disclaimer:

This Safety Data Sheet has been generated based on Ministry of Industry Notice. The system to classify and communicate the hazard of hazardous material, BE. 2555 only. No warranty or representation of any kind is given with respect to the substantive or export laws of any other jurisdiction or country. Please confirm that the information provided herein conforms to the substantive export or other law of any other jurisdiction prior to export. Please contact Henkel Product Safety and Regulatory Affairs for additional assistance. This information is based on our current level of knowledge and relates to the product in the state in which it is delivered. It is intended to describe our products from the point of view of safety requirements and is not intended to guarantee any particular properties.